

are cannot be less than usual, in consequence of his being absent from the city. We are sure that we have said all that is necessary to ensure an immediate attention to this resolution, and to secure the immediate liquidation of all arrears.—

CIRCULAR LETTER

FROM THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF THE MASSACHUSETTS ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY TO THE FRIENDS OF THE ANTI-SLAVERY CAUSE.

Boston, Nov. 30, 1847.

DEAR FRIENDS:—

The Board of Managers of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, having resolved to make a general effort to call out and embody the moral power of the Commonwealth, in a Memorial to the Legislature, asking for a DISOLUTION OF THE UNION, and to present to the Legislature a strong array of names, of such persons as scorn the trappings of the Slave Power, and are no longer willing to bear the disgrace of standing before the world in a political union with Slaveholders; believing, as they do, that such a demonstration of Anti-Slavery feeling, at this important crisis in our national affairs, cannot fail to produce the most salutary results upon the public sentiment of the country. But, to give efficiency to this movement, it must be entered upon with spirit, and prosecuted with the utmost vigor. The Board will spare no efforts, on their part, to accomplish so desirable an object; but the work, if done at all, must be done mainly by the Abolitionists, in their respective localities. The interests of the Anti-Slavery cause, and the honor of the Commonwealth, now humbled and debased before the Slave Power, demand that this for the time being, should be made THE CENTRAL POINT OF ALL OUR LABORS. We should here strike a blow for liberty, which, should it fall to shiver at once the chains of the slave, will not fail to strike terror to the heart of the task-master and his guilty abettors. But, whatever is to be done in this matter, must be done quickly. The Legislature will soon be in session, and memorials should be in readiness as soon as possible.

Relying upon your interest in the Anti-Slavery cause, the Board take the liberty to send you the annexed form of a memorial, in the full and confident expectation that you will immediately take measures to have it presented, as far as practicable, to every inhabitant of your town, with a pressing and urgent request for his signature. The Agents, who are now in the field, and the few others, whose services the Board may be able to command, will do what they can to aid in this work; but time will allow them to visit but a very few, only, of the numerous towns to be canvassed. Hence, whatever is done in your locality, to make its influence felt in the movement, must be done by yourself and the few choice spirits immediately around you, who are willing to share your labors. To you, therefore, we look with confident assurance, that nothing will be allowed to prevent this matter from receiving the earliest possible attention, and that, through your exertions, your town will send up to the Legislature a Memorial sustained by numbers in some measure commensurate with the magnitude and importance of the measure we seek to accomplish.

We are not ignorant of the difficulties which you will be called to encounter in prosecuting this work. Opposition and discouragement will, doubtless, meet you on every hand. But nothing great or glorious, if it be redoubled, was ever accomplished without untiring exertion, and many conflict with all opposing obstacles. Remember it is THE SLAVE for whom you labor; and whatever evils you may be called to suffer in his service, your situation is a paradise, when compared to his. We only ask you to do for him, what you would wish him to do for you, if he were the free man, and YOU THE SLAVE.

It will be seen, by the annexed memorial, that it is designed for the signatures of persons of both sexes; but it is desirable that the names of all, who are legally entitled to vote, should stand by themselves, in the left hand column.

In behalf of the Board of Managers of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society,

FRANCIS JACKSON, President.

EDMUND QUINCY, Secretary.

THE SECESSION PETITION.

The form of Petition to the Legislature of this Commonwealth, which the Managers of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society have accepted for circulation, appears in our columns to-day; together with the circular letter of the Board to the friends of the Anti-Slavery Cause throughout the State. We ask for their attention of all true Abolitionists, and their united labors to give the petition the widest possible circulation, in order that it may go, numerously signed, to the Legislature at its coming session, from every section of the State. It will be seen that the Petition is so printed that it can be easily taken from the paper and attached to sheets suitably arranged for signature. The Petition has also been printed on a letter sheet, and sent through the mail and otherwise to many individuals in the State. But it must, of course, happen that these Circulars will not go to all who would gladly lend a helping hand in the good work of freeing Massachusetts, for all coming generations, from her present connection and participation in the guilt and infamy of Slaveholding. It is therefore sent forth in the present way also.

To the Senate and House of

Representatives of Massachusetts.

and that they are endowed by their Creator with an inalienable right to liberty; to unite in political fellowship with slaveholders; for LIBERTY and SLAVERY are, and necessarily must be utterly antagonistic to each other.

V. Because it is morally degrading and politically disastrous, as well as a glaring absurdity, for a State: glorying in its freedom, to be in partnership with States glorying in the institution of Slavery.

VI. Because, by the annexation of a foreign slaveholding nation to the original Union, against the solemn and repeated remonstrances of the Legislature, in the name of the people of Massachusetts,—in open contempt of even the forms of Constitutional law, and without any Constitutional power on the part of Congress,—the Constitution has ceased to be any longer binding on those who were the original parties to it, and ought not to be considered as in existence.

VII. Because, even if this annexation were not a violation of the Union, as formed in 1787, still we regard the Constitution of the United States, as its compromises in behalf of slavery, as a covenant with death, and an agreement with hell, which ought to be immediately annulled by a free, moral, and Christian people; and because, so long as they shall consent to it, the people of this Commonwealth will be morally and politically responsible for all the cruelties and horrors of the slave system.

VIII. Because, by the alliance of the North with the South, the Slave power has been enabled to acquire the immense territories of Louisiana, Florida, and Texas, which it otherwise could not have done, and is now successfully waging a war of invasion against Mexico, for the acquisition of a large portion of that injured Republic, mainly, if not exclusively, to secure its own tyrannical supremacy over the entire country, and to multiply the number of its victims indefinitely.

LEGAL VOTERS.

OTHERS.

THE ABOLITIONISTS OF MASSACHUSETTS WILL HARDLY NEED A WORD FROM US TO SUMMON AND INCITE THEM TO THE ARDUOUS BUT HONORABLE LABOR WHICH THE CIRCULATION OF THE PETITION NECESSARILY REQUIRES. They will remember the unexpected degree of success which attended the circulation of this same Petition, last winter, in a few towns of the State. The measure, which was then undertaken too late for a fair trial, is now commenced in season to enable the people to utter their full mind upon it; and if the professed friends of righteousness and freedom are to it that every one has an opportunity to sign the Petition, we doubt not that a demonstration will this year be made, starting to most, surprising to all, and most cheering to every heart which desires to see the slave-power of the land weakened; or, at the least, that Massachusetts may no longer be made tributary to the support and strengthening of this accursed thing. The slave-power was never so startled, before or since, as when John Quincy Adams, in the House of Representatives, presented the Haverhill Petition for a Disunion of the Union. In their frenzied folly, they sought to expel from his place the offerer of the petition, but were foiled. Nothing else will convince the South that they must stop in their career of propagating Slavery, in which they now have the support of the men and money of the North, except the certainty that the North is resolved to render that support no longer, and to cease from all partnership in a Union, and under a Constitution, pledged to Slavery and its behests. While in that partnership, the North is powerless, because fettered, and subject every step to influences destructive of all moral principle. Separated from that evil and corrupting connection, the North will stand up a redeemed and regenerated; mighty in the moral power of a just and righteous position, teaching in reality and without cant lessons of freedom and equality, and leaving the South no excuse for longer continuing in her tyranny and shame.

At least LET MASSACHUSETTS DO HER DUTY. Let her not wait till others anticipate and forestall her in a work, which, twenty years hence, it will be her disgrace not to have commenced and persevered in. Already the Legislature of Ohio has entertained and discussed the measure of Disunion. Let New England, where already has been raised the noble cry, No Union with Slaveholders, not be disheartened, but swell it again, and louder than before, till the old Puritan blood is stirred, and the heart of humanity is aroused everywhere, to respond, as UNION WITH SLAVEHOLDERS.

To our friends throughout the State, we say then, Up and do service for the right. Make it known that there is yet in our borders a goodly number who have not bowed the knee to the dark spirit of Slavery!—

ABINGTON AND EAST ABINGTON.—NO

TICE.

PARKER PILBURY, an Agent of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, will lecture in the Town Hall, ABINGTON, on Friday Evening, Dec. 31.

STEPHEN S. FOSTER, also an Agent of the same Society, may be expected to lecture on the same evening, at EAST ABINGTON. The Quarterly Meeting of the Old Colony Anti-Slavery Society, will commence the morning following (see notice) in Abington Town Hall.

THE FAIR, we are happy to learn, will not close till the end of the year.

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE LIBERATOR.

The subscribers to the Liberator are aware that the Committee to whom Mr. Garrison has entrusted the financial affairs of the paper, yielded last year, with hesitation and reluctance, to the urgency of some of its warmest friends, and reduced its price, in the faith that its list would be thereby much increased. It was stated, at the time the change was made, that it was a mere experiment, and that if it did not entirely succeed, the former terms would be restored. Although a very considerable addition has been made to the subscription list, during the past year, it has not been sufficient to justify the continuance of the new arrangement. The subscribers are, therefore, informed that from and after the 1st of January, 1848, the terms of the Liberator will be what they were previously to the commencement of this volume, viz. Two dollars and fifty cents in advance, and three dollars after six months.

The Committee most earnestly hope, and most faithfully believe, that this change of price will produce no change in the substantial character of the subscription list. The friends of the Liberator are persons who regard its support as a Primary Anti-Slavery duty, and who will readily consent to this small, additional burden, for the purpose of putting its pecuniary affairs on an entirely easy footing. They will remember that the odd half dollar, while it is but a small tax upon each subscriber, makes a difference of nearly or quite a THOUSAND DOLLARS, in the receipts! This statement will indicate to the Anti-Slavery public the importance of the proposed change, and we are sure will secure to it their cordial consent and co-operation.

FRANCIS JACKSON,

ELLIS GRAY LORING,

EDMUND QUINCY,

SAMUEL PHILBRICK,

WENDELL PHILLIPS.

Financial Committee.

Boston, Dec. 1, 1847.

THE ABOLITIONISTS OF MASSACHUSETTS WILL HARDLY NEED A WORD FROM US TO SUMMON AND INCITE THEM TO THE ARDUOUS BUT HONORABLE LABOR WHICH THE CIRCULATION OF THE PETITION NECESSARILY REQUIRES. They will remember the unexpected degree of success which attended the circulation of this same Petition, last winter, in a few towns of the State. The measure, which was then undertaken too late for a fair trial, is now commenced in season to enable the people to utter their full mind upon it; and if the professed friends of righteousness and freedom are to it that every one has an opportunity to sign the Petition, we doubt not that a demonstration will this year be made, starting to most, surprising to all, and most cheering to every heart which desires to see the slave-power of the land weakened; or, at the least, that Massachusetts may no longer be made tributary to the support and strengthening of this accursed thing. The slave-power was never so startled, before or since, as when John Quincy Adams, in the House of Representatives, presented the Haverhill Petition for a Disunion of the Union. In their frenzied folly, they sought to expel from his place the offerer of the petition, but were foiled. Nothing else will convince the South that they must stop in their career of propagating Slavery, in which they now have the support of the men and money of the North, except the certainty that the North is resolved to render that support no longer, and to cease from all partnership in a Union, and under a Constitution, pledged to Slavery and its behests. While in that partnership, the North is powerless, because fettered, and subject every step to influences destructive of all moral principle. Separated from that evil and corrupting connection, the North will stand up a redeemed and regenerated; mighty in the moral power of a just and righteous position, teaching in reality and without cant lessons of freedom and equality, and leaving the South no excuse for longer continuing in her tyranny and shame.

At least LET MASSACHUSETTS DO HER DUTY. Let her not wait till others anticipate and forestall her in a work, which, twenty years hence, it will be her disgrace not to have commenced and persevered in. Already the Legislature of Ohio has entertained and discussed the measure of Disunion. Let New England, where already has been raised the noble cry, No Union with Slaveholders, not be disheartened, but swell it again, and louder than before, till the old Puritan blood is stirred, and the heart of humanity is aroused everywhere, to respond, as UNION WITH SLAVEHOLDERS.

To our friends throughout the State, we say then, Up and do service for the right. Make it known that there is yet in our borders a goodly number who have not bowed the knee to the dark spirit of Slavery!—

ABINGTON AND EAST ABINGTON.—NO

TICE.

PARKER PILBURY, an Agent of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, will lecture in the Town Hall, ABINGTON, on Friday Evening, Dec. 31.

STEPHEN S. FOSTER, also an Agent of the same Society, may be expected to lecture on the same evening, at EAST ABINGTON. The Quarterly Meeting of the Old Colony Anti-Slavery Society, will commence the morning following (see notice) in Abington Town Hall.

THE FAIR, we are happy to learn, will not close till the end of the year.

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE LIBERATOR.

The subscribers to the Liberator are aware that the Committee to whom Mr. Garrison has entrusted the financial affairs of the paper, yielded last year, with hesitation and reluctance, to the urgency of some of its warmest friends, and reduced its price, in the faith that its list would be thereby much increased. It was stated, at the time the change was made, that it was a mere experiment, and that if it did not entirely succeed, the former terms would be restored. Although a very considerable addition has been made to the subscription list, during the past year, it has not been sufficient to justify the continuance of the new arrangement. The subscribers are, therefore, informed that from and after the 1st of January, 1848, the terms of the Liberator will be what they were previously to the commencement of this volume, viz. Two dollars and fifty cents in advance, and three dollars after six months.

The Committee most earnestly hope, and most faithfully believe, that this change of price will produce no change in the substantial character of the subscription list. The friends of the Liberator are persons who regard its support as a Primary Anti-Slavery duty, and who will readily consent to this small, additional burden, for the purpose of putting its pecuniary affairs on an entirely easy footing. They will remember that the odd half dollar, while it is but a small tax upon each subscriber, makes a difference of nearly or quite a THOUSAND DOLLARS, in the receipts! This statement will indicate to the Anti-Slavery public the importance of the proposed change, and we are sure will secure to it their cordial consent and co-operation.

FRANCIS JACKSON,

ELLIS GRAY LORING,

EDMUND QUINCY,

SAMUEL PHILBRICK,

WENDELL PHILLIPS.

Financial Committee.

Boston, Dec. 1, 1847.

THE ABOLITIONISTS OF MASSACHUSETTS WILL HARDLY NEED A WORD FROM US TO SUMMON AND INCITE THEM TO THE ARDUOUS BUT HONORABLE LABOR WHICH THE CIRCULATION OF THE PETITION NECESSARILY REQUIRES. They will remember the unexpected degree of success which attended the circulation of this same Petition, last winter, in a few towns of the State. The measure, which was then undertaken too late for a fair trial, is now commenced in season to enable the people to utter their full mind upon it; and if the professed friends of righteousness and freedom are to it that every one has an opportunity to sign the Petition, we doubt not that a demonstration will this year be made, starting to most, surprising to all, and most cheering to every heart which desires to see the slave-power of the land weakened; or, at the least, that Massachusetts may no longer be made tributary to the support and strengthening of this accursed thing. The slave-power was never so startled, before or since, as when John Quincy Adams, in the House of Representatives, presented the Haverhill Petition for a Disunion of the Union. In their frenzied folly, they sought to expel from his place the offerer of the petition, but were foiled. Nothing else will convince the South that they must stop in their career of propagating Slavery, in which they now have the support of the men and money of the North, except the certainty that the North is resolved to render that support no longer, and to cease from all partnership in a Union, and under a Constitution, pledged to Slavery and its behests. While in that partnership, the North is powerless, because fettered, and subject every step to influences destructive of all moral principle. Separated from that evil and corrupting connection, the North will stand up a redeemed and regenerated; mighty in the moral power of a just and righteous position, teaching in reality and without cant lessons of freedom and equality, and leaving the South no excuse for longer continuing in her tyranny and shame.

At least LET MASSACHUSETTS DO HER DUTY. Let her not wait till others anticipate and forestall her in a work, which, twenty years hence, it will be her disgrace not to have commenced and persevered in. Already the Legislature of Ohio has entertained and discussed the measure of Disunion. Let New England, where already has been raised the noble cry, No Union with Slaveholders, not be disheartened, but swell it again, and louder than before, till the old Puritan blood is stirred, and the heart of humanity is aroused everywhere, to respond, as UNION WITH SLAVEHOLDERS.

To our friends throughout the State, we say then, Up and do service for the right. Make it known that there is yet in our borders a goodly number who have not bowed the knee to the dark spirit of Slavery!—

ABINGTON AND EAST ABINGTON.—NO

TICE.

PARKER PILBURY, an Agent of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, will lecture in the Town Hall, ABINGTON, on Friday Evening, Dec. 31.

STEPHEN S. FOSTER, also an Agent of the same Society, may be expected to lecture on the same evening, at EAST ABINGTON. The Quarterly Meeting of the Old Colony Anti-Slavery Society, will commence the morning following (see notice) in Abington Town Hall.

THE FAIR, we are happy to learn, will not close till the end of the year.

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE LIBERATOR.

The subscribers to the Liberator are aware that the Committee to whom Mr. Garrison has entrusted the financial affairs of the paper, yielded last year, with hesitation and reluctance, to the urgency of some of its warmest friends, and reduced its price, in the faith that its list would be thereby much increased. It was stated, at the time the change was made, that it was a mere experiment, and that if it did not entirely succeed, the former terms would be restored. Although a very considerable addition has been made to the subscription list, during the past year, it has not been sufficient to justify the continuance of the new arrangement. The subscribers are, therefore, informed that from and after the 1st of January, 1848, the terms of the Liberator will be what they were previously to the commencement of this volume, viz. Two dollars and fifty cents in advance, and three dollars after six months.

The Committee most earnestly hope, and most faithfully believe, that this change of price will produce no change in the substantial character of the subscription list. The friends of the Liberator are persons who regard its support as a Primary Anti-Slavery duty, and who will readily consent to this small, additional burden, for the purpose of putting its pecuniary affairs on an entirely easy footing. They will remember that the odd half dollar, while it is but a small tax upon each subscriber, makes a difference of nearly or quite a THOUSAND DOLLARS, in the receipts! This statement will indicate to the Anti-Slavery public the importance of the proposed change, and we are sure will secure to it their cordial consent and co-operation.

FRANCIS JACKSON,

ELLIS GRAY LORING,

EDMUND QUINCY,

SAMUEL PHILBRICK,

WENDELL PHILLIPS.

Financial Committee.

Boston, Dec. 1, 1847.

THE ABOLITIONISTS OF MASSACHUSETTS WILL HARDLY NEED A WORD FROM US TO SUMMON AND INCITE THEM TO THE ARDUOUS BUT HONORABLE LABOR WHICH THE CIRCULATION OF THE PETITION NECESSARILY REQUIRES. They will remember the unexpected degree of success which attended the circulation of this same Petition, last winter, in a few towns of the State. The measure, which was then undertaken too late for a fair trial, is now commenced in season to enable the people to utter their full mind upon it; and if the professed friends of righteousness and freedom are to it that every one has an opportunity to sign the Petition, we doubt not that a demonstration will this year be made, starting to most, surprising to all, and most cheering to every heart which desires to see the slave-power of the land weakened; or, at the least, that Massachusetts may no longer be made tributary to the support and strengthening of this accursed thing. The slave-power was never so startled, before or since, as when John Quincy Adams, in the House of Representatives, presented the Haverhill Petition for a Disunion of the Union. In their frenzied folly, they sought to expel from his place the offerer of the petition, but were foiled. Nothing else will convince the South that they must stop in their career of propagating Slavery, in which they now have the support of the men and money of the North, except the certainty that the North is resolved to render that support no longer, and to cease from all partnership in a Union, and under a Constitution, pledged to Slavery and its behests. While in that partnership, the North is powerless, because fettered, and subject every step to influences destructive of all moral principle. Separated from that evil and corrupting connection, the North will stand up a redeemed and regenerated; mighty in the moral power of a just and righteous position, teaching in reality and without cant lessons of freedom and equality, and leaving the South no excuse for longer continuing in her tyranny and shame.

At least LET MASSACHUSETTS DO HER DUTY. Let her not wait till others anticipate and forestall her in a work, which, twenty years hence, it will be her disgrace not to have commenced and persevered in. Already the Legislature of Ohio has entertained and discussed the measure of Disunion. Let New England, where already has been raised the noble cry, No Union with Slaveholders, not be disheartened, but swell it again, and louder than before, till the old Puritan blood is stirred, and the heart of humanity is aroused everywhere, to respond, as UNION WITH SLAVEHOLDERS.

To our friends throughout the State, we say then, Up and do service for the right. Make it known that there is yet in our borders a goodly number who have not bowed the knee to the dark spirit of Slavery!—

ABINGTON AND EAST ABINGTON.—NO

TICE.

PARKER PILBURY, an Agent of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, will lecture in the Town Hall, ABINGTON, on Friday Evening, Dec. 31.

STEPHEN S. FOSTER, also an Agent of the same Society, may be expected to lecture on the same evening, at EAST ABINGTON. The Quarterly Meeting of the Old Colony Anti-Slavery Society, will commence the morning following (see notice) in Abington Town Hall.

THE FAIR, we are happy to learn, will not close till the end of the year.

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE LIBERATOR.

The subscribers to the Liberator are aware that the Committee to whom Mr. Garrison has entrusted the financial affairs of the paper, yielded last year, with hesitation and reluctance, to the urgency of some of its warmest friends, and reduced its price, in the faith that its list would be thereby much increased. It was stated, at the time the change was made, that it was a mere experiment, and that if it did not entirely succeed, the former terms would be restored. Although a very considerable addition has been made to the subscription list, during the past year, it has not been sufficient to justify the continuance of the new arrangement. The subscribers are, therefore, informed that from and after the 1st of January, 1848, the terms of the Liberator will be what they were previously to the commencement of this volume, viz. Two dollars and fifty cents in advance, and three dollars after six months.

The Committee most earnestly hope, and most faithfully believe, that this change of price will produce no change in the substantial character of the subscription list. The friends of the Liberator are persons who regard its support as a Primary Anti-Slavery duty, and who will readily consent to this small, additional burden, for the purpose of putting its pecuniary affairs on an entirely easy footing. They will remember that the odd half dollar, while it is but a small tax upon each subscriber, makes a difference of nearly or quite a THOUSAND DOLLARS, in the receipts! This statement will indicate to the Anti-Slavery public the importance of the proposed change, and we are sure will secure to it their cordial consent and co-operation.

FRANCIS JACKSON,

ELLIS GRAY LORING,

EDMUND QUINCY,

SAMUEL PHILBRICK,

WENDELL PHILLIPS.

Financial Committee.

Boston, Dec. 1, 1847.

THE ABOLITIONISTS OF MASSACHUSETTS WILL HARDLY NEED A WORD FROM US TO SUMMON AND INCITE THEM TO THE ARDUOUS BUT HONORABLE LABOR WHICH THE CIRCULATION OF THE PETITION NECESSARILY REQUIRES. They will remember the unexpected degree of success which attended the circulation of this same Petition, last winter, in a few towns of the State. The measure, which was then undertaken too late for a fair trial, is now commenced in season to enable the people to utter their full mind upon it; and if the professed friends of righteousness and freedom are to it that every one has an opportunity to sign the Petition, we doubt not that a demonstration will this year be made, starting to most, surprising to all, and most cheering to every heart which desires to see the slave-power of the land weakened; or, at the least, that Massachusetts may no longer be made tributary to the support and strengthening of this accursed thing. The slave-power was never so startled, before or since, as when John Quincy Adams, in the House of Representatives, presented the Haverhill Petition for a Disunion of the Union. In their frenzied folly, they sought to expel from his place the offerer of the petition, but were foiled. Nothing else will convince the South that they must stop in their career of propagating Slavery, in which they now have the support of the men and money of the North, except the certainty that the North is resolved to render that support no longer, and to cease from all partnership in a Union, and under a Constitution, pledged to Slavery and its behests. While in that partnership, the North is powerless, because fettered, and subject every step to influences destructive of all moral principle. Separated from that evil and corrupting connection, the North will stand up a redeemed and regenerated; mighty in the moral power of a just and righteous position, teaching in reality and without cant lessons of freedom and equality, and leaving the South no excuse for longer continuing in her tyranny and shame.

At least LET MASSACHUSETTS DO HER DUTY. Let her not wait till others anticipate and forestall her in a work, which, twenty years hence, it will be her disgrace not to have commenced and persevered in. Already the Legislature of Ohio has entertained and discussed the measure of Disunion. Let New England, where already has been raised the noble cry, No Union with Slaveholders, not be disheartened, but swell it again, and louder than before, till the old Puritan blood is stirred, and the heart of humanity is aroused everywhere, to respond, as UNION WITH SLAVEHOLDERS.

To our friends throughout the State, we say then, Up and do service for the right. Make it known that there is yet in our borders a goodly number who have not bowed the knee to the dark spirit of Slavery!—

ABINGTON AND EAST ABINGTON.—NO

TICE.

PARKER PILBURY, an Agent of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, will lecture in the Town Hall, ABINGTON, on Friday Evening, Dec. 31.

STEPHEN S. FOSTER, also an Agent of the same Society, may be expected to lecture on the same evening, at EAST ABINGTON. The Quarterly Meeting of the Old Colony Anti-Slavery Society, will commence the morning following (see notice) in Abington Town Hall.

THE FAIR, we are happy to learn, will not close till the end of the year.

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE LIBERATOR.

The subscribers to the Liberator are aware that the Committee to whom Mr. Garrison has entrusted the financial affairs of the paper, yielded last year, with hesitation and reluctance, to the urgency of some of its warmest friends, and reduced its price, in the faith that its list would be thereby much increased. It was stated, at the time the change was made, that it was a mere experiment, and that if it did not entirely succeed, the former terms would be restored. Although a very considerable addition has been made to the subscription list, during the past year, it has not been sufficient to justify the continuance of the new arrangement. The subscribers are, therefore, informed that from and after the 1st of January, 1848, the terms of the Liberator will be what they were previously to the commencement of this volume, viz. Two dollars and fifty cents in advance, and three dollars after six months.

The Committee most earnestly hope, and most faithfully believe, that this change of price will produce no change in the substantial character of the subscription list. The friends of the Liberator are persons who regard its support as a Primary Anti-Slavery duty, and who will readily consent to this small, additional burden, for the purpose of putting its pecuniary affairs on an entirely easy footing. They will remember that the odd half dollar, while it is but a small tax upon each subscriber, makes a difference of nearly or quite a THOUSAND DOLLARS, in the receipts! This statement will indicate to the Anti-Slavery public the importance of the proposed change, and we are sure will secure to it their cordial consent and co-operation.

FRANCIS JACKSON,

ELLIS GRAY LORING,

EDMUND QUINCY,

SAMUEL PHILBRICK,

WENDELL PHILLIPS.

Financial Committee.

Boston, Dec. 1, 1847.

THE ABOLITIONISTS OF MASSACHUSETTS WILL HARDLY NEED A WORD FROM US TO SUMMON AND INCITE THEM TO THE ARDUOUS BUT HONORABLE LABOR WHICH THE CIRCULATION OF THE PETITION NECESSARILY REQUIRES. They will remember the unexpected degree of success which attended the circulation of this same Petition, last winter, in a few towns of the State. The measure, which was then undertaken too late for a fair trial, is now commenced in season to enable the people to utter their full mind upon it; and if the professed friends of righteousness and freedom are to it that every one has an opportunity to sign the Petition, we doubt not that a demonstration will this year be made, starting to most, surprising to all, and most cheering to every heart which desires to see the slave-power of the land weakened; or, at the least, that Massachusetts may no longer be made tributary to the support and strengthening of this accursed thing. The slave-power was never so startled, before or since, as when John Quincy Adams, in the House of Representatives, presented the Haverhill Petition for a Disunion of the Union. In their frenzied folly, they sought to expel from his place the offerer of the petition, but were foiled. Nothing else will convince the South that they must stop in their career of propagating Slavery, in which they now have the support of the men and money of the North, except the certainty that the North is resolved to render that support no longer, and to cease from all partnership in a Union, and under a Constitution, pledged to Slavery and its behests. While in that partnership, the North is powerless, because fettered, and subject every step to influences destructive of all moral principle. Separated from that evil and corrupting connection, the North will stand up a redeemed and regenerated; mighty in the moral power of a just and righteous position, teaching in reality and without cant lessons of freedom and equality, and leaving the South no excuse for longer continuing in her tyranny and shame.

At least LET MASSACHUSETTS DO HER DUTY. Let her not wait till others anticipate and forestall her in a work, which, twenty years hence, it will be her disgrace not to have commenced and persevered in. Already the Legislature of Ohio has entertained and discussed the measure of Disunion. Let New England, where already has been raised the noble cry, No Union with Slaveholders, not be disheartened, but swell it again, and louder than before, till the old Puritan blood is stirred, and the heart of humanity is aroused everywhere, to respond, as UNION WITH SLAVEHOLDERS.

To our friends throughout the State, we say then, Up and do service for the right. Make it known that there is yet in our borders a goodly number who have not bowed the knee to the dark spirit of Slavery!—

ABINGTON AND EAST ABINGTON.—NO

TICE.

PARKER PILBURY, an Agent of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, will lecture in the Town Hall, ABINGTON, on Friday Evening, Dec. 31.

STEPHEN S. FOSTER, also an Agent of the same Society, may be expected to lecture on the same evening, at EAST ABINGTON. The Quarterly Meeting of the Old Colony Anti-Slavery Society, will commence the morning following (see notice) in Abington Town Hall.

THE FAIR, we are happy to learn, will not close till the end of the year.

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE LIBERATOR.

